# Understanding Mexico's SOFOMs and SOFIPROs: 2025 Comparison and Strategic Applications

In the landscape of Mexican financial regulation, two structures stand out for their flexibility and utility in offering financial services both within Mexico and as cross-border platforms: the **SOFOM** (Sociedad Financiera de Objeto Múltiple) and the **SOFIPRO** (Sociedad Financiera Popular). As financial services companies seek to navigate regulatory frameworks and establish operations that can connect with both Mexican and international customers, understanding the key distinctions and use cases for SOFOMs (ER and ENR) and SOFIPROs is essential.

# **Historical Background**

The SOFOM was introduced in 2006 to expand the diversity and reach of financial institutions in Mexico, especially outside the traditional banking sector. SOFOMs were designed to promote credit and financial services through a model that could be regulated (ER) or unregulated (ENR). This dual system allowed small and mid-sized financial firms to enter the market with more flexible regulatory options.

The SOFIPRO, on the other hand, evolved from earlier cooperative financial institutions aimed at fostering financial inclusion in rural and underserved communities. With formal regulatory oversight by CNBV, SOFIPROs became more prominent as government-backed vehicles for delivering credit, savings, and microfinance.

# Structural Overview: SOFOM ER, SOFOM ENR, and SOFIPRO

# **SOFOM ENR (Entidad No Regulada)**

- Not regulated by CNBV but must still register with CONDUSEF.
- Primarily provides loans and factoring services.
- No required minimum capital by law, but a practical floor of MXN 2-5 million is typical.
- Cannot raise public deposits.

• Easier to set up, low compliance burden.

## **SOFOM ER (Entidad Regulada)**

- Fully regulated by CNBV.
- Typically associated with larger institutions or those affiliated with regulated entities (banks, insurance companies, etc.).
- Subject to AML/CFT compliance, capital adequacy standards, and periodic audits.
- May have indirect access to the interbank network.
- Preferred structure for fintechs seeking credibility and scalability.

#### **SOFIPRO**

- Heavily regulated non-bank financial institution.
- Can **take public deposits** and provide a broader suite of services (including savings, insurance, pension products).
- Requires significant capitalization (MXN 20–30 million).
- Subject to CNBV prudential oversight and backed by Prosofipo, a government-run deposit insurance fund.
- Mission-driven: designed for financial inclusion.

# **Comparison Chart**

| Feature               | SOFOM ENR            | SOFOM ER         | SOFIPRO  |
|-----------------------|----------------------|------------------|----------|
| CNBV Regulation       | No                   | Yes              | Yes      |
| Public Deposits       | No                   | No               | Yes      |
| Minimum Capital (MXN) | Flexible<br>(2M–5M+) | ~10M recommended | 20M-30M+ |

| AML/KYC Oversight            | Limited            | Full CNBV compliance  | Full CNBV compliance       |
|------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|
| Access to Interbanking       | Limited            | Possible via sponsor  | Full (with approval)       |
| Use Case Fit                 | Lending, small ops | Fintech, larger firms | Community finance, savings |
| Government Insurance         | No                 | No                    | Yes (Prosofipo)            |
| Foreign Ownership<br>Allowed | Yes                | Yes                   | Yes                        |

# **Use Cases: When to Choose Each Structure**

#### **SOFOM ENR**

#### Ideal for:

- Lending startups focused on microcredit or business loans.
- Lower-risk credit operations that do not handle public funds.
- Affiliate arms of international lending platforms entering the Mexican market.

#### **SOFOM ER**

#### Ideal for:

- Fintechs needing regulatory credibility (e.g., for partnerships with banks).
- Businesses planning on offering financial products such as BNPL, payroll lending, or invoice factoring at scale.
- Entities seeking long-term growth and participation in regulated environments.

#### **SOFIPRO**

#### Ideal for:

• Financial inclusion and development institutions.

- Community banks or credit unions.
- Platforms offering deposit accounts, savings, and insured instruments.

## Other Available Structures

Mexico also permits:

- Multiple Purpose Financial Institutions (SOFOMs) as shown.
- Credit Unions (Uniones de Crédito): Member-owned co-ops with lending powers.
- **Popular Savings and Loans (Cajas de Ahorro):** Community finance institutions with limitations on scalability and ownership.
- Brokerage Firms (Casas de Bolsa): For wealth and securities operations, but not suitable for traditional credit or deposit services.

For most commercial fintechs or international banking alliances, the **SOFOM and SOFIPRO remain the optimal structures** due to their balance of regulatory scope, scalability, and service reach.

# **Operating in Mexico and Internationally**

## **Serving Customers in Mexico**

- **SOFOM ER and SOFIPRO** can legally offer domestic payment services, including payroll, business lending, and vendor finance.
- SOFIPRO is preferred for collecting deposits and serving low-income consumers or offering financial education.

# **Serving Customers Abroad**

- SOFOM ENR and ER can structure international lending and investment portfolios.
- Mexican SOFOMs are increasingly used by international fintechs to provide lending or payment processing linked to Mexican pesos (MXN).

# Connecting to a Puerto Rico IFE (International Financial Entity)

Puerto Rico IFEs, especially those licensed under Act 273, can benefit significantly by integrating with a Mexican SOFOM or SOFIPRO:

- Marketing to Mexican Customers: The IFE can serve as a dollar-denominated account provider and investment platform for Mexicans, using the SOFOM as a compliant marketing and servicing partner.
- MXN Payment Rails: The SOFOM ER or SOFIPRO can serve as a payment processor and correspondent institution in Mexico, offering interbank connectivity and handling local payments on behalf of the Puerto Rican IFE.
- Cross-Border FX and Lending: Structured correctly, the Mexican entity can handle peso disbursements while the IFE manages USD custody, FX, and offshore compliance.

#### This model supports:

- Dual-currency accounts
- Remote onboarding
- Integration of U.S. financial products into the Mexican market

# Conclusion

For financial service companies seeking to operate in or integrate with Mexico, the choice between a **SOFOM ENR, SOFOM ER, or SOFIPRO** depends on your risk appetite, target market, and operational scale. SOFOMs remain the most versatile vehicle for lending and fintech operations, while SOFIPROs offer broader public interaction, savings, and deposit services. When structured strategically, these Mexican entities can act as **critical partners for international banks**, particularly IFEs in Puerto Rico, enabling true bi-national financial infrastructure with MXN rails and cross-border client onboarding.

For guidance on selecting or forming the ideal structure in Mexico, or for help linking your entity to a Puerto Rico-based IFE, contact us at info@banklicense.pro.